## **Roller Coaster Physics Unit:** 7<sup>th</sup> Grade Challenge

Each student will receive a packet of worksheets/handouts on which they will record their work for the duration of the unit.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
April 14	April 15	April 16	April 17	April 18
Roller Coaster Unit begins	Vocabulary	Gravitational Force	History and How They Work	History and How They Work
Movie: eXtreme RollerCoasters  Allow 5 minutes at end of class for students to write reflections in packet.  (Start video from beginning. You won't have time to show it all in one day, but some of the best coaster are at the beginning anyway.)	- Use board or overhead to write vocabulary words and definitions for students to write in their packets  OR - Have the students look up the definitions on their own and then discuss each as a group	- Students will use the foam tubing, wooden dowels, tape, and a marble to build a section of a roller coaster that demonstrates gravitational force. Have students demonstrate and explain to the class what they have built.  Possible results could include anything that makes the marble go from a higher point to a lower point because of gravity, such as a downward hill.  Students should	- Read and discuss the article "How Roller Coasters Work" from howstuffworks.com	- Students will use the information in the "How Roller Coasters Work" article to complete the related page in their packet.
April 21	April 22	record their results in their packet.	April 24	April 25
April 21	Aprii 22	April 23	Aprii 24	April 25
Balanced and Unbalanced Forces	Kinetic Energy	Friction	Speed	Speed
- Students will use the foam tubing, wooden dowels, tape, and a marble to build a section of a roller coaster that demonstrates balanced and unbalanced forces. Have students demonstrate and explain to the class what they have built.  Possible results could include a section of coaster where the marble comes to a stop (balanced).  Students should record their results in	- Students will use the foam tubing, wooden dowels, tape, and a marble to build a section of a roller coaster that demonstrates kinetic energy. Have students demo and explain to the class what they have built.  Possible results could include a loop at the bottom of a hill (using energy from the hill to travel through the loop).  Students should record their results in their packet.	- Students will use the foam tubing, wooden dowels, tape, and a marble to build a section of a roller coaster that demonstrates friction. Have students demo and explain to the class what they have built.  Possible results could include using tape, tissue or some other material to create a section of track that slows the marble down.  Students should record their results in their packet.	- Students will use the foam tubing, wooden dowels, tape, and a marble to build a section of a roller coaster that demonstrates speed. Students will calculate the speed of the marble through the track they build. Have students demo and explain to the class what they have built. Students should record their results in their packet.	- Based on their experiences the day before, the students will attempt to build a section of roller coaster on which their marble travels at a greater speed than they achieved the day prior. Have students demo and explain to the class what they have built.  Students should record their results in their packet.

April 28	April 29	April 30	May 1	May 2
Potential Energy  - Students will use the foam tubing, wooden dowels, tape, and a marble to build a section of a roller coaster that	April 29  Momentum  - Students will use the foam tubing, wooden dowels, tape, and a marble to build a section of a roller coaster that	- Students will use the foam tubing, wooden dowels, tape, and a marble to build a section of a roller coaster that	Newton's First Law of Motion  - Students will use the foam tubing, wooden dowels, tape, and a marble to build a section of a roller	Movie: "America's Greatest Roller Coaster Thrills" (Movie has a setting that allows you to view the entire coaster ride as if you were in the front seat. If showing
demonstrates potential energy. Have students demonstrate and explain to the class what they have built.  Possible results could include a marble at the top of a hill.  Students should record their results in their packet.	demonstrates momentum. Have students demo and explain to the class what they have built.  Possible results could include a hill followed by a loop or long straight-a-way.  Students should record their results in their packet.	demonstrates centripetal force. Have students demonstrate and explain to the class what they have built.  Possible results could include any loop. (The marble is pushed toward the center.) Students should	coaster that demonstrates Newton's First Law of Motion. Have students demo and explain to the class what they have built.  Possible results could include a marble that begins moving when hit by another marble.	the movie on a computer, right click to get the settings.)  Suggestion: Let students choose which coasters to view.
May 5	May 6	record their results in their packet.	Students should record their results in their packet.  May 8	May 9
Roller Coaster Project - Build a "roller coaster" using foam tubing and tape - Work alone or with one partner - Roller Coaster should have at least one loop and one corkscrew - A marble should be able to travel from start to finish without falling off	Build Roller Coaster  (continue from Monday)	Build Roller Coaster  (continue from Monday)	Build Roller Coaster  (continue from Monday)	Demonstrate Roller Coaster for the class and explain why you made it the way you did

Pictures from 8<sup>th</sup> Grade Roller Coaster projects (how things might look):