

Transformations

Students **Learning Continuum Statements:**

Students:

RIT 171-180:

- Performs a slide, flip, or turn without using a grid

Students:

RIT 181-190:

- Performs a slide, flip, or turn without using a grid

Students:

RIT 191-200:

- Identifies a slide, flip, or turn that will carry a given figure onto another, without a grid
- Performs a slide, flip, or turn without using a grid

Students:

RIT 201-210:

- Identifies a slide, flip, or turn that will carry a given figure onto another, without a grid
- Knows the definition of a slide, a flip, or a turn
- Performs a slide, flip, or turn without using a grid
- Performs a translation, reflection, or rotation, without the coordinate plane

Students:

RIT 211-220:

- Describes a single transformation that will map one figure onto another, without the coordinate plane
- Identifies a slide, flip, or turn that will carry a given figure onto another, without a grid
- Identifies the degree of rotation that shows that two given figures are congruent, without a coordinate plane
- Identifies the degree of rotation that will map one figure onto another, without the coordinate plane
- Performs a slide, flip, or turn without using a grid
- Performs a translation, reflection, or rotation, without the coordinate plane

Students:

RIT 221-230:

- Describes a single transformation that will map one figure onto another on the coordinate plane
- Describes a single transformation that will map one figure onto another, without the coordinate plane

- Determines the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon after a dilation or a series of dilations, with center at the origin
- Determines the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon after a translation or a series of translations
- Determines the image of a polygon on a coordinate plane after a reflection or a series of reflections
- Determines the image of a polygon on a coordinate plane after a rotation or a series of rotations
- Identifies corresponding sides and angles in an image and pre-image of a figure after a rigid transformation
- Identifies the degree of rotation that will map one figure onto another, without the coordinate plane
- Performs a slide, flip, or turn without using a grid
- Performs a translation, reflection, or rotation, without the coordinate plane
- Understands that rigid transformations preserve congruency

Students:

RIT 231-240:

- Describes a single transformation that will map one figure onto another on the coordinate plane
- Describes a single transformation that will map one figure onto another, without the coordinate plane
- Describes a single transformation that will map one figure onto itself, without the coordinate plane
- Describes the effects of dilation on lengths and angle measures
- Determines the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon after a dilation or a series of dilations, with center at the origin
- Determines the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon after a reflection or a series of reflections
- Determines the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon after a rotation or a series of rotations
- Determines the image of a polygon on a coordinate plane after a reflection or a series of reflections
- Determines the image of a translation represented in coordinate notation
- Performs a series of translations, reflections, and rotations, without the coordinate plane
- Understands that rigid transformations preserve congruency

Students:

RIT 241-250:

- Describes a series of transformations that will map one figure onto itself on the coordinate plane
- Describes a single transformation that will map one figure onto another on the coordinate plane
- Describes a single transformation that will map one figure onto itself, without the coordinate plane
- Describes a translation using coordinate notation
- Describes the effects of dilation on lengths and angle measures
- Determines the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon after a dilation or a series of dilations, with center at the origin
- Determines the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon after a reflection or a series of reflections

- Determines the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon after a rotation or a series of rotations
- Determines the image of a polygon on a coordinate plane after a reflection or a series of reflections
- Determines the image of a polygon on a coordinate plane after a series of translations, reflections, or rotations

Students:

RIT 251-260:

- Applies the scale factor in a dilation to solve for unknown lengths
- Describes a single transformation that will map one figure onto itself, without the coordinate plane
- Describes a translation using coordinate notation
- Determines the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon after a dilation or a series of dilations, with center at the origin
- Determines the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon after a reflection or a series of reflections
- Determines the image of a dilation represented in coordinate notation
- Determines the image of a polygon on a coordinate plane after a reflection or a series of reflections
- Identifies the center and scale factor used in a dilation represented in the coordinate plane

Students:

RIT 261-270:

- Describes a single transformation that will map one figure onto itself, without the coordinate plane
- Describes a translation using coordinate notation
- Determines the image of a reflection represented in coordinate notation

Students:

RIT 271-280:

- Describes a single transformation that will map one figure onto itself, without the coordinate plane

Students:

RIT 281-290:

- Describes the effects of dilation on areas
- Determines the coordinates of the vertices of a polygon after a dilation or a series of dilations, with center at point other than the origin