Math: Operations and Algebraic Thinking: Expressions and Equations

Students: DesCartes Statements:

Students:

RIT Over 280:

• Describes a relationship or a real-world situation represented by a quadratic equation

Students:

RIT 271-280:

• Describes a relationship or a real-world situation represented by a quadratic equation

Students:

RIT 261-270:

- Estimates the limit of a given infinite sequence (e.g., given the sequence 1/n, as n gets larger)
- Factors polynomials by identifying a common monomial and then factoring the trinomial
- Rewrites a complex formula to solve for a specific variable
- Simplifies monomials
- Simplifies polynomial expressions using power laws
- Simplifies rational expressions with exponents
- Simplifies rational expressions with negative exponents
- Solves polynomial inequalities
- Solves quadratic equations by completing the square
- Solves quadratic equations using the quadratic formula
- Solves real-world systems of linear equations
- Uses graphs to solve systems of linear inequalities
- Uses the compound interest equation to solve problems

Students:

RIT 251-260

- Applies algebraic methods to solve complex real-world and theoretical problems
- Describes and uses a variable with whole numbers, multiplication, and division in a contextual situation
- Determines the length of the side of a square, given the area
- Divides a polynomial by a monomial
- Evaluates expressions by substituting with rational numbers
- Factors polynomials by identifying common factors
- Factors polynomials using difference of squares
- Factors trinomials in the form x^2 + bx + c
- Identifies discriminants and roots
- Multiplies a polynomial by a polynomial
- Multiplies binomials
- Rewrites a complex formula to solve for a specific variable
- Simplifies algebraic expressions with integer exponents
- Simplifies monomials
- Simplifies polynomial expressions
- Simplifies rational expressions with exponents
- Solves linear equations using rational numbers
- Solves polynomial equations (e.g., ax = b + cx, a(x + b) = c, ax + b = cx + d, a(bx + c) = d(ex + f), a/x = b)
- Solves polynomial equations with integers as exponents
- Solves problems with scientific notation
- Solves quadratic equations by completing the square
- · Solves quadratic equations by factoring
- Solves real-world systems of linear equations
- Solves single variable linear inequalities with the variable in only one member using number lines
- Solves single variable linear inequalities with variable in both members using number lines
- Uses algebraic methods to solve systems of linear equations
- Uses expressions to represent situations that involve variable quantities with exponents
- Uses fractional and negative exponents as optional ways of representing problem situations (e.g., $27^2/3 = (27^1/3)^2 = 9$)
- Uses graphs to solve systems of linear equations
- Uses graphs to solve systems of linear inequalities
- Uses polynomial equations to solve area and perimeter problems
- Uses reasoning strategies to solve problems
- Uses substitution as a first step in solving systems of linear equations
- Uses the Multiplication Property of Equality as a first step in solving systems of linear equations
- Writes equivalent forms of algebraic equations using multiplication and division

Students:

RIT 241-250:

- Applies algebraic methods to solve a variety of real-world and theoretical problems
- Applies algebraic methods to solve real-world problems
- Converts from Celsius to Fahrenheit, given conversion ratios
- Describes and uses a variable with whole numbers, multiplication, and division in a contextual situation
- Describes the relationship or a real-world situation represented by a simple linear inequality (e.g., 1- or 2-step)
- Determines the prime factorization of a number using powers
- Evaluates expressions by substituting with rational numbers
- Evaluates expressions using the order of operations, including exponents (using integers)
- Evaluates expressions using the order of operations, including exponents (whole numbers only)
- Evaluates numerical expressions using the order of operations (using integers)
- Factors polynomials using difference of squares
- Factors trinomials in the form x^2 + bx + c
- Multiplies binomials
- Simplifies polynomial expressions
- Simplifies rational expressions with scientific notation
- Solves 2-step open sentences with missing factors (variables on both sides of the sentence)
- Solves complex real-world problems involving capacity
- Solves linear equations using rational numbers
- Solves linear equations with fractions
- Solves linear inequalities using graphs
- Solves open sentences with fractions
- Solves problems involving capacity in the metric system and converts to larger or smaller units
- Solves problems involving consecutive numbers
- Solves problems involving simple interest rates without the formula
- Solves problems with scientific notation
- Solves real-world problems involving rate of pay with time and a half
- Solves simple one-step inequality open sentences
- Solves single variable linear inequalities with the variable in only one member using number lines
- Uses algebraic methods to solve systems of linear equations
- Uses basic operations on algebraic expressions (uses correct order of operations)
- Uses expressions to represent situations that involve variable quantities with exponents
- Uses linear equations to represent situations involving variable quantities
- Uses polynomial equations to solve complex real-world problems (e.g., using distributive property, variables on both sides)
- Uses reasoning strategies to solve problems
- Writes a decimal in scientific notation
- Writes a whole number in scientific notation

Students:

RIT 231-240:

- Applies algebraic methods to solve real-world problems
- · Applies rules for multiplying and dividing powers
- Calculates the power of a number (e.g., $8 = 2^3$)
- Converts from Celsius to Fahrenheit, given conversion ratios
- Describes and uses a variable with whole numbers, multiplication, and division in a contextual situation
- Describes the relationship or a real-world situation represented by a simple linear inequality (e.g., 1- or 2-step)
- Determines slope from a linear equation
- Determines the prime factorization of a number
- Divides rational expressions in a/b form
- Evaluates expressions containing powers (e.g., 3² x 2³)
- Evaluates expressions using the order of operations, including exponents (whole numbers only)
- Evaluates numerical expressions using the order of operations (using integers)
- Evaluates numerical expressions using the order of operations (whole numbers only)
- Expresses a simple linear equation from a contextual situation
- Expresses a simple linear inequality from a contextual situation
- Recognizes commutative, associative, distributive, symmetric, transitive, and reflexive properties
- Represents relationships of quantities in the form of an expression
- Solves 2-step linear equations
- Solves 2-step open sentences with missing factors (variables on both sides of the sentence)
- Solves difficult real-world problems involving decimals (e.g., multiple multiplications, conversions)
- Solves linear equations using rational numbers
- Solves linear equations with fractions
- Solves linear equations with integers
- Solves problems involving capacity in the metric system and converts to larger or smaller units
- Solves problems with scientific notation

- Solves real-world problems involving rate of pay and rate of pay with time and a half
- Solves simple linear inequalities using graphs
- Solves simple one-step inequality open sentences
- Uses basic operations on algebraic expressions (combining like terms)
- Uses basic operations on algebraic expressions (expanding monomial by a binomial)
- Uses basic operations on algebraic expressions (substituting for unknown exponents)
- Uses basic operations on algebraic expressions (substituting for unknowns)
- Uses basic operations on algebraic expressions (uses correct order of operations)
- Uses expressions to represent situations that involve variable quantities with exponents
- Uses graphs to solve simple systems of linear equations
- Uses polynomial equations to solve complex real-world problems (e.g., using distributive property, variables on both sides)
- Uses the distributive property
- Writes a whole number in scientific notation
- Writes equivalent forms of algebraic expressions (e.g., (x + 3)/2 = x/2 + 3/2)

Students:

RIT 221-230:

- Applies algebraic methods to solve real-world problems
- Applies algebraic methods to solve theoretical problems
- Applies systems-of-linear-equations methods to solve theoretical problems
- Calculates the value of a power (e.g., $2^3 = 8$)
- Demonstrates an understanding of properties (e.g., commutative, associative, distributive, properties of o)
- Describes the relationship or a real-world situation represented by a simple linear inequality (e.g., 1- or 2-step)
- Expresses a simple linear equation from a contextual situation
- Recognizes commutative, associative, distributive, symmetric, transitive, and reflexive properties
- Represents relationships of quantities in the form of an expression
- Solves 1-step and 2-step linear equations
- Solves 2-step open sentences with missing factors
- Solves difficult real-world problems involving decimals (e.g., multiple multiplications, conversions)
- Solves linear equations in a real-world context using a given formula
- Solves linear equations with decimals and with integers
- Solves open sentences with calculations on both sides of the sentence
- Solves open sentences with decimals
- Solves problems involving simple interest rates with the formula
- Solves real-world problems involving rate of pay
- Solves real-world problems using reasoning strategies
- Uses a table of input/output values to represent patterns
- Uses basic operations on algebraic expressions (expanding monomial by a binomial)
- Uses basic operations on algebraic expressions (substituting for unknowns)
- Uses basic operations on algebraic expressions (uses correct order of operations)
- Uses graphs to solve simple systems of linear equations
- Uses powers to represent 10, 100, 1000, 10,000, and 100,000
- Uses the distributive property
- Writes a number expressed in scientific notation in standard form
- Writes equivalent forms of algebraic equations using addition and subtraction
- Writes equivalent forms of algebraic expressions (e.g., (x + 3)/2 = x/2 + 3/2)

Students:

RIT 211-220:

- Applies algebraic methods to solve theoretical problems
- Calculates the value of a power (e.g., $2^3 = 8$)
- Demonstrates an understanding of the associative property of multiplication
- Demonstrates an understanding of the distributive property of multiplication by decomposing a term
- Solves 1-step linear equations
- Solves 2-step open sentences with missing factors
- Solves open sentences using the distributive property
- Solves open sentences with calculations on both sides of the sentence
- Solves real-world problems using reasoning strategies
- Solves simple open sentences with missing factors (numbers over 100)
- Translates a 2-step problem to a symbolic expression or equation
- Understands equivalence & extends the concept to number sentences involving variables (e.g., 8 + 2 = [] + 2)
- Uses a table of input/output values to represent patterns
- Uses algebraic reasoning to solve problems involving equality relationships
- Uses powers to represent 10, 100, 1000, 10,000, and 100,000
- Uses rounding to estimate answers to 2-step problems involving money (using decimals)
- Uses simple linear equations to represent problem situations

Students:

RIT 201-210:

- Demonstrates an understanding of the commutative property of addition
- Describes a realistic situation using information given in a linear equation
- Evaluates numerical expressions using grouping symbols (whole numbers only)
- Solves 1-step open sentences with missing addends (numbers over 100)
- Solves 2-step open sentences with missing addends
- Solves open sentences with basic-facts calculations on both sides of the sentence
- Solves real-world problems using reasoning strategies
- Solves simple open sentences with missing factors (numbers 100 and under)
- Solves whole number subtraction word problems with numbers over 1000
- Translates a 2-step problem to a symbolic expression or equation
- Understands equivalence & extends the concept to number sentences involving variables (e.g., 8 + 2 = [] + 2)
- Uses algebraic reasoning to solve problems involving equality relationships
- Uses rounding to estimate answers to 2-step problems involving money (using decimals)
- Uses simple linear equations to represent problem situations

Students:

RIT 191-200:

- Computes half price (multiplication/division)
- Demonstrates an understanding of the zero property of multiplication
- Evaluates numerical expressions using grouping symbols (whole numbers only)
- Solves 1-step open sentences with missing addends (numbers 100 and under)
- Solves 1-step open sentences with missing addends (numbers over 100)
- Solves 2-step open sentences with missing addends
- Solves real-world whole number problems involving subtraction with numbers under 1000
- Solves simple open sentences with missing factors (numbers 100 and under)
- Solves whole number subtraction word problems with numbers over 1000
- Uses algebraic reasoning to solve problems involving equality relationships
- Writes equivalent forms of whole numbers 11 to 20 using addition (e.g., 14 = 7 + 7)

Students:

RIT 181-190:

- Demonstrates an understanding of the zero property of multiplication
- Solves 1-step open sentences with missing addends (numbers 100 and under)
- Solves basic facts addition and subtraction open sentences using diagrams and models (e.g., using balances)
- Solves linear equations with basic facts 1-step addition using a letter for the variable
- Solves real-world whole number problems involving subtraction with numbers under 1000
- Writes a number sentence for a simple problem solving situation
- Writes equivalent forms of whole numbers 11 to 20 using addition (e.g., 14 = 7 + 7)

Students:

RIT 171-180:

- Represents a basic facts addition problem with a number sentence
- Solves basic facts open sentences multiplication and division
- Solves basic-facts open sentences addition and subtraction
- Solves linear equations with basic facts 1-step addition using a letter for the variable
- Writes a number sentence for a simple problem solving situation
- Writes equivalent forms of whole number expressions (e.g., 15 + 5 = 10 + 10)

Students:

RIT 161-170:

• Solves basic-facts open sentences - addition and subtraction